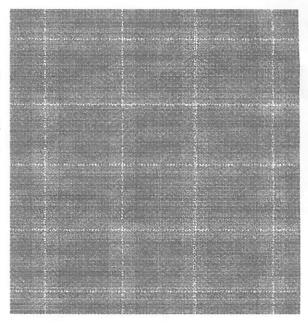
The Clan Farquharson descend from Farquhar, 4th son of Alexander Ciar the 3rd Shaw of Rothiemurchus in Strathspey a branch of the Clan Chattan Confederation. His son, Donald married Isobel Stewart heiress of Invercauld and their son was Finlay Mor, 1st of the House of Farquharson. The clan were termed Clann Fionnlaigh after him. He was the Royal Standard Bearer at the Battle of Pinkie where he fell in 1547. He is said to have been buried in



Inveresk churchyard, not far from the battlefield in a spot known as "The Long Highlandman's Grave". The Farquharsons of Inverey fought for the Crown at the Battle of Worcester in 1651 and followed Bonnie Dundee in 1689. In the Rising of 1715 John Farquharson of Invercauld with 140 men joined the Clan Chattan at Preston where they were defeated. At Culloden, Francis Farquharson of Monaltrie the "Baron Ban" led the Farquharsons to distinction at Falkirk and Culloden. John Farquharson of Invercauld's daughter, Anne, who married Angus, 22nd Chief of Clan Mackintosh was known as "Colonel Anne" for her support in raising Mackintoshes for Prince Charles Edward Stuart. Other important cadet branches of the Clan Farquharson include the Farquharsons of Monaltrie, Whitehouse, Allargue and Haughton, but although the inheritance of Invercauld has passed through the female line with Catherine in 1805, the Farquharsons of Invercauld still possess the chiefship today.

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